# HiCrome<sup>™</sup> M-Coliconfirm Broth Base

Recommended for detection of E.coli and other total coliforms in water samples by membrane filtration.





# Composition \*\*

Ingredients	Grams/Litre
Tryptone	8.00
Yeast extract	0.50
Lactose	0.60
Sodium chloride	3.00
Dipotassium hydrogen phosphate	1.75
Potassium dihydrogen phosphate	1.25
Sodium pyruvate	1.00
Octyphenol ethoxylate	0.50
Magnesium sulphate	0.30
Sodium azide	0.02
L-Methionine	0.10
Methylene blue	0.016
Cyclohexylammonium salt	0.20
Chromogenic mixture	0.20

Final pH (at 25°C) 7.0±0.2

\*\* Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

# Directions

Suspend 17.43 grams in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat if necessary to dissolve the medium completely. DO NOT AUTOCLAVE. Cool to 45-50°C. Aseptically add the rehydrated contents of ECC Selective Supplement (FD344) and 7ml of TTC Solution, 1% (FD057). Mix well and aseptically add desired quantity (2 to 5 ml) of broth on sterile absorbent cotton pad or sterile filter paper for saturation. The nutrient pad should be used within 24 hours of saturation.

# **Principle and Interpretation**

This is a selective medium recommended for the simultaneous detection of *Escherichia coli* and total coliforms in water (1). The water sample is filtered through membranes and then placed on pad saturated with medium and incubated at 35 ±5°C for 24 hours in sealed Petri plates. Tryptone provides nitrogeneous and carbonaceous compounds, long chain amino acids, vitamins and other essential nutrients. Yeast extract serves as a source of vitamins. Lactose is the fermentable carbohydrate. The phosphates in the medium buffers the medium. Sodium chloride maintains the osmotic balance. The enzyme beta-glucuronidase produced by *E.coli* utilizes the chromogenic substrate to produce bluepurple coloured colonies. Coliforms other than *Escherichia coli* turn red as they reduce TTC (2,3,5-triphenyl tetrazolium chloride). Thus, the resulting colour distinction allows simple interpretation of test without further confirmation. Methylene blue and ECC selective supplement containing imparts selectivity to the medium. Non-coliforms usually give white coloured colonies.

# Type of specimen

Water samples

## **Specimen Collection and Handling**

For water samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection, processing as per guidelines and local standards (1).

After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

# **Warning and Precautions**

Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets



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# Limitations

- 1. ß-glucuronidase is present in 97% of *E.coli* strains, however few *E.coli* may be negative.
- 2. Since the medium is highly selective, some strains may show poor growth due to nutritional variations.

#### **Performance and Evaluation**

Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the recommended temperature.

# **Quality Control**

Appearance of Powder :	Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder.		
Colour and Clarity :	Cream, clear to slightly opalescent solution,may have slight precipitate.		
Reaction :	Reaction of 1.74% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 7.0±0.2		
Cultural Response :	Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 34.5-35.5°C for 24 hours.		
Organism (ATCC)	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Colour of colony on membrane
<i>Citrobacter freundii</i> ATCC 8090	50-100	luxuriant	red
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922 (00013*)	50-100	luxuriant	blue
Escherichia coli ATCC 35218	50-100	luxuriant	blue
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ATCC 29212 (00087*)	>=10 <sup>3</sup>	inhibited	-
Klebsiella pneumoniae ATCC 13883 (00097*)	50-100	luxuriant	red
Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 25923 (00034*)	>=10 <sup>3</sup>	inhibited	-
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ATCC 6538 (00032*)	>=10 <sup>3</sup>	inhibited	-
Key : (*) Corresponding WDC	M numbers		

# **Storage and Shelf-life**

Store between 2-8°C in a tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 2-8°C. Use before expiry date on the label. On opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle inorder to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition Seal the container tightly after use. Use before expiry date on the label.

Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

# Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (2,3).

### References

- 1 Baird R.B., Eaton A.D., and Rice E.W., (Eds.), 2015, Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 23rd ed., APHA, Washington, D.C.
- 2. Isenberg, H.D. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handb0ook. 2nd Edition.
- Jorgensen, J.H., Pfaller, M.A., Carroll, K.C., Funke, G., Landry, M.L., Richter, S.S and Warnock., D.W. (2015) Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th Edition. Vol. 1.



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